

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Report of cholera occurring in provincial towns in the Philippine Islands for the week ended May 17, 1902.

Place.	Province.	Cases.	Deaths	Place.	Province.	Cases.	Deaths.
Magarao Nueva Caceres Tigaon San Fernando Kalabanga. Nabau Pasaco Polo Barisoan Meycauayan Meycauayan Meycauayan Bulacan Paombong Haganoy Marilao Santa Ysabel Calumpit Bocaue Quingua San Juan del Monte Binangonan San Mateo Cainta San Filipe Neri Taguig Morong Pasay Malabon Pateros San Felipe Novatas San Pedro Macati	do	1 2 1 3 10 4 4 1 1 1 2 2 4 4 27 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 3 6 6 1 6 6 3 1 5 1 0 0 20 1 1 1 7 4	1 1 0 0 2 2 7 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 8 3 3 5 5 1 4 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 2	Candoba. San Fernando. Parac. Santa Rita Bacolor Guagua. Mexico Tacioban. Subig. Lucban. Hasay. Batangas. Oroni. Pilar. Balanga. Samal. Dinalupigan. Abucay. Santa Cruz. San Francisco de Malabon. Bacoor. Bacoor. San Isidro. Cabiao.	do d	15 2 2 2 8 15 1 5 3 11 1 1 4 4 1 2 2 2 10 9 7 7 5 6 6 4 4 1 1 1 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	100 22 22 55 44 111 1 44 33 99 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

This week's report is incomplete, as no returns were received from any of the provincial towns for the 17th.

Manila, P. I., May 29, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith report of cholera in the Philippine Islands for the week ended May 24, 1902. An examination of the data shows that the epidemic is abating both in Manila and the provinces, and the disease is expected to subside at an early date.

Respectfully,

J. C. PERRY,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

[Inclosures.]

Cholera report of Manila for period from May 18 to May 24, 1902, inclusive.

	Number of cases.					Total.	
Date.	Fili- pinos.	Chi- nese.	Amer- icans.	Euro- peans.	Others.	Cases.	Deaths
May 18	8	1				Q	
May 19	17	I				17	11
May 20	16	1				17	12
May 21	15	l	-		1	16	, ç
May 22	8	l				- 8	10
May 23	7	1				8	Î
May 24	6					6	4
Total	77	3	1			8t	68

Report of cholera occurring in provincial towns in the Philippine Islands for the week ended May 24, 1902.

Place.	Province.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Province.	Cases.	Deaths.
Margarao Nueva Caceres San Fernando Calabanga Nabau Polo Pulillan Guiguinto Paombong Hoganoy Marilao Santa Ysabel Calumpit Quingua Bustos Tuguig Pasay Cavinta Malabon San Filipe Pandacan Novatas San Juan de la Monte San Perdo Macati Pasig Macabebe Betis San Fernando San Fernando Santa Rita	do.	5 1 1 5 3 3 3 17 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 4 4 1 3 2 7 4 1 1 1 3 2 7 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 0 0 0 4 3 1 8 8 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 4 4 1 4 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 6 3 3 0 4 4 0	Guagua. Candaba. Ralonga. Orani Samal Mabatan Abucay. Binan Majayjay Cavinte Pagsanjan. San Pablo. Santa Cruz. Dasmarinas. Bacoor. San Fernando de Malabon. Cavite. San Roque Rosario. San Carlos Cabiao. San Isidro Cubanatuan Banan Santa Cruz. Tacloban. Guinayangan.	do Bataan	3 15 6 26 25 0 7 4 4 1 1 1 2 2 25 1 3 16 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 6 6 5 5 8 8 16 6 1 1 7 7 2 2 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 5 5 1 1 1 1
Bacolor		14	11	Total		340	230

PORTO RICO.

Report from Ponce—Sanitary conditions and inspection of vessels.

PONCE, P. R., Jane 30, 1902.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for Porto Rico, I have the honor to transmit herewith the quarantine and abstract of bills of health reports for the week ended June 28, 1902, and the report of immigrants inspected at this port during the month of June, 1902. Two vessels were inspected and passed and 5 bills of health were issued. The sanitary condition of the city remains about the same. No quarantinable disease has been reported to this office.

Respectfully,

W. W. KING,
Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

SAN JUAN, P. R., July 1, 1902.

SIR: I submit herewith report of alien steerage passengers arriving at this port during the week ended June 28, 1902. June 28, Spanish steamship *Montserrat*, from Barcelona, Malaga, Cadiz, Las Palmas, Teneriffe, and La Palma, with 26 immigrants; Cuban steamship *Maria Herrera*, from Cuban and Dominican ports, with 9 immigrants; Spanish steamship *Miguel M. Pinillos*, from Genoa, Marseilles Barcelona, Valencia, Malaga, Cadiz, Las Palmas, Teneriffe, and La Palma, with 6 immigrants. Total, 41.

Respectfully,

H. S. Mathewson,
Passed Assistant Surgeon,
Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

The Surgeon-General.